Senator Beck recently made an exhaustive and able argument in the Senate in favor of legislation looking toward the revival of American commerce. It is not a partisan question, and Senator Beck did not discuss it from a partisan stand-point. He simply cited the mournful but incontrovertible fact that American commerce is dead, and urged the measure which, in his judgment, is necessary to retive it. The merchant marine of the United States is a thing of the past, and the American flag has almost disappeared from the seas. When the American traveler abroad visits forfrom a partisan stand-point. He sim-American traveler abroad visits for-eign ports and sees them crowded with shipping, he looks in vain among the eign ports and sees them crowded with shipping, he looks in vain among the flags for the stars and stripes. Our 3. The retired list is limited to percarrying trade is almost entirely in the sons who, by reason of age or of wounds hands of other nations, the products of the country are transported across the ocean in foreign ships, and the money we pay for transportation goes to enrich the nations of the old world. Once we had a fair share of the world's commerce, but now we have none; once we had sixty or seventy thousand sailors, but now we have none; once we had sixty or seventy thousand sailors, but now we have none; once sailors, but now we have none; once tired list "shall receive seventy-five per mine of the stuff, and says to myself, we had a navy that command-centum of the pay of the rank upon This ends the lumber business." I we had a navy that command-ed respect, if it did not which they are retired." The Logan elicit admiration, but now our bill declares that Grant shall have the navy has become a disgrace that full pay of General, in violation of this only brings the American flag and name into contempt among the nations of the world. All these changes have come ery other person on the list, and over the looked at the quicksilver limit, and that graine and interest more of the when the company was formed to work more or less. It has been thawing and it I would take nothing less than Treasurer of it. He didn't say anything, but weeks, and it is probable that when the looked at the quicksilver limit, and that graine and maturally absorbs water when the company was formed to work more or less. It has been thawing and it I would take nothing less than Treasurer of it. He didn't say anything, but weeks, and it is probable that when the looked at the quicksilver limit, and that when the company was formed to work when the company was formed to work more or less. It has been thawing and it I would take nothing less than Treasurer of it. He didn't say anything, but weeks, and it is probable that when the looked at the quicksilver I had in my about under Republican policy and in the twenty years in which the Republican party has been in power in this eral Sherman, who has risen to as high country. But these are not partisan statements made for political effect.

They are but plain statements of patent

5. The retired list was created for facts that are not denied and can not be the purpose of withdrawing officers who denied by either Republican or Demo-shall be disabled or superannuated, erat. The simple truth is that the from active command. The Logan bill, United States has become, under the overriding the whole theory of the repolicy of the Republican party, a country absolutely destitute of a merchant marine, and that its commercial inter- an emergency has arisen requiring the ests sleep the sleep of death. The question is, what shall be done to remquestion is, what shall be done to remedy edy this deplorable state of affairs? Unless it is remedied it is idle to hope for less it is remedied it is idl any sound or lasting National prosperity. Without commerce, no nation under the circumstances under which the mand of Congress, but to the mere American Republic exists can expect to opinion or will of the President. prosper. We must as a matter of necessity by some means rebuild the commercial marine of the country. Two plans were put forward, one by Senator Beck, and one by Senator Blaine, voicing still in force that "when a vacancy the policies of their respective parties. Senator Beek suggests free ships, while Senator Blaine recommends subsidies and all enactments creating or regulating such offices shall, respectively, be held to be repealed." The Logan bill, whoever wants a ship to engage in the overthrowing this law, creates another carrying trade, buyit where he can buy it the cheapest. If our merchants can to necessarily lapse when vacated by its buy ships on the same terms as the merchants of foreign countries do they will go into the carrying trade themselves and American commerce will rebuild itself by a natural process." "Tax the people" says Senator Blaine, "and raise money to subsidize American ship-builders. Hire American shipbuilders to build ships by granting them flow to build ships by granting them Gov- gan bill brings two Generals into the ernment subsidies." These are the army; and, with no attempt at first replans proposed and they are worthy of vising military customs and the regulaserious consideration. Whatever may be said in favor of protecting American and the privileges of "the General," industries cannot apply in this case. as the wording of the laws now runs, American shipouilding as an industry does not exist, and therefore does not call for protection. It is not a sound public policy that crushes an industry out of existence under the pretense of intent to call Grant into active service, protecting it. The revival of commerce but that the provision looking to that is of infinitely more importance to this country than that a few American shipbuilders should have the exclusive fourths pay, the precedent becomes in privilege of making ships .-- Cleveland

Aristocratic Pauperism.

There is a memorial before the Senate, calling on Congress to make some provision for the maintenance of all ex-Presidents. The idea of the petitioners seems to be that a man who has held the office of Chief Magistrate of this democratic Republic is too exalted a being to degrade himself with any occupation, and that the people of the United States should see to it that his dignity is not abridged by a scramble for honest bread and butter.

It is a matter of regret that this pre-posterous notion finds tolerance in the Capitol, and we entertain a very decided conviction that the alleged statesmen who are inclined to favor it will do well to unload such folly as speedily as the process of discharge can be readily ef-

There is no more reason for setting up a retired pay-roll for ex-Presidents than for ex-postmasters, ex-gaugers, ex-clerks, ex-messengers or ex-floorscrubbers. The theory on which the proposition rests is one of the most offensive and oppressive characteristics of monarchical institutions.

We compel no man to take office. We pay our Presidents a good salary. When that is paid we owe them noth-

If we once take a start in the business of putting ex-officials on the Treasury, we shall soon have a full load of that sort. Our ex-Presidents are no more sacred than ex-pound-masters. If both have performed their duties and received the pay stipulated, the people are quit of them. If our ex-Presidents cannot make a living, or get support from their friends, the poor asylum is open for their reception. Many a man as good as any ex-President has ended his days in that last resort for indigence. - Washington Post.

-"Honest Money" Nichol is now field.

—The Boston Transcript, a modest Republican paper, hopes General Gartield will not make so serious, if not altogether irreparable, mistake at the very outset of his Administration as to make Mr. Blaine Secretary of State.

The Painesville correspondent of the Chicago Journal says that Conkling seems to be a raw head and bloody bones to the incoming Administration —the sort of third-termism that will not down at anybody's bidding.

Mas ALICE BLAINE, daughter of Sen-Supreme bench is the last bulwark ator Blaine, has just made her debut in of Republicanism.—St. Louis Republi-Washington society.

The Bill for Grant's Retiracy.

Judging from the urgency with which John A. Logan pushes his so-called Grant relief bill, one might suppose that Grant was freezing and starving in some back alley. back alley.

The Logan bill should not become a

tired list, declares "That at any time when the President shall consider that services of General Ulysses S. Grant on extraordinary misuse of the retired list is not made subject to the desire or de-

6. Congress, considering that the two highest grades in our standing army were totally disproportioned to the number of troops, declared by a law occurs in the office of General or Lieutenant-General, such office shall cease, overthrowing this law, creates another General, and does not permit the office present incumbent, General W. T. Sherman.

7. A system of organization and a set of military laws have been framed based on Title XIV. of the Revised Statutes, whose first words declare that tions prescribing the duties, the rights as the wording of the laws now runs, simply opens a way for suddenly, and in a moment of emergency, making the grade of General double-headed.

8. Should it be said that there is no end is merely designed to justify the award of full pay instead of threethe highest degree dangerous-the creation of a sinecure by a resort to a sub-

9. Grant quitted the army in order to get larger pay, a higher effice and more extended fame as President. Having served eight years in that office, he has no claims to return to the army for the purpose not of rendering service but of

drawing a salary. 10. There is nothing in Grant's pecuniary condition justifying this appeal for his relief. If there were, the proper method of procuring him a pension would not be one that violates all mili- any other day the wound that Red. gave tary laws and customs of service that stand in the way .- N. Y. Sun.

POLITICAL POINTS.

tiser, a strong Republican journal, says that if Mr. Hayes had sent in the name of his son Webb for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court it would not old winters in my time, but my gran'have surprised those who have closely watched the manner in which Mr. Hayes has made use of the Government's patronage to reward his personal friends.

-General Weaver, late Greenback candidate for President, took occasion in these parts was friz up tighter'n a to say on the floor of the House of Repsnare drum. On one o' the coldest days tion in the back parlor of her fashionresentatives at Washington the other day that Southern bull-dozing is as day that Southern bull-dozing is as nothing compared with the intimidation follered 'em, an' killed a couple on 'em of voters practiced by the Republican an' then started back over the ridge fur Fasboy, who paid her sixty cents and a mill-owners and manufacturers of Massachusetts. According to this it would seem that Weaver's engagement to play second fiddle to the Republican managers has been terminated. - Harris-

burg Patriol. -A rumor that Senator Bruce is to be appointed Secretary of the Navy has produced a profound impression in naval circles. The notion of doffing hats and firing salutes in honor of a colored man does not find favor with a majority of naval officers. But this fact furnishes no good reason why spoken of by Republican newspapers as a "critter" and a "foot-sore political tramp." And yet he swells with a sense of his own importance and trades upon an alleged intimacy with Garfield.

lact furnishes no good reason why General Garfield and his party should not be true to their alleged principles. And they cannot be faithful to their creed and obligations, if they decline to put a negro into the Cabinet.—Washington Post put a negro into the Cabinet. - Washington Post.

The Illinois Republicans furnished a fair measure of their own political respectability a few days ago, when the lower branch of the Springfield Legislature refused to amend a resolution asking the appointment of an Illinois man to the vacancy on the an' rolled down his cheeks bigger'n hoss Supreme bench of the United States, ches'nuts. They dropped on the ground so as to ask an appointment irrespective of politics. The principle to which they thus confessed their devotion might have been boiled down into a resolution that every Judge of the Supreme Court must be a Republican. It is not to be forgotten that the Supreme bench is the last bulwark

Some Marvelous Cold Weather Yarns Told Around a Bar-room Stove.

"THERE's quite a little snap in the atmosphere to-day, but when I call to mind a piece of weather we had in 1859 this coems like a good day for a pionic," said Sheriff Warren Ridgway, coming into the Chrissman House bar-room, where a number of the boys were gathered around the stove, discussing the weather. It was one of the recent cold days, and the thermometer on the front porch registered twenty below. "I never knew until the next spring how low the meyeury did get that year," continued the Sheriff. "We had a therbottom as big as a turnip. We didn't bother with degrees on that thermometer. We always said it was so many inches below or so many inches above zero. The thermometer hung on an apple tree in the garden at our old place on the Lackawack. In the spring of boys for refreshments.—Pike County, 1859 I was spading up the garden. Under this apple tree I struck a vein of quicksilver. I thought I'd uncovered a calls the old gentleman out and told him I'd struck a quicksilver mine, and that hand, then at me, and then at the thermometer that hung on the tree. I looked st that, too. The bulb was bursted. Then I understood the situation. The below zero on the thermometer. That wasn't as low as the weather called for, so it pushed the bottom out of the bulb, the granite looks very much like the dropped six inches under the surface before it reached the level of the temp- of France, which is much milder than erature. Don't go up along the Lacka-wack and talk about the thermometer the Luxor obelisk, and it is evident that being twenty degrees below zero, for it will crumble into dust before another

of the deer was shut off he might esthe ice had closed around Red. so that he could only get a breath about a sixteenth of an inch in length, kerplunk cause Cleopatra designed their removal dropped the deer to the ground, dead from suffocation, and Red. was free. On the deer would have killed it at once. The ball went clean through the ammal; but the holes froze up instantly on each side, and the deer was a sound as ever."

The Washington correspondent of the New York Commercial Advertiser, a strong Parallel Paralle keep a leetle mum on the cold weather question," said the Old Settler, who had come down from Wayne County for a little visit. "I've know'd some snortin' father's experience in the winter of '76 ruther beats anything o' mine. "My gran'father were a great hunter an' Injin killer. He fit in the revolution, all 'long the Del'war Valley. The win-ter o' '76 was ter'ble cold. Ev'rything my gran'father struck the track o' some

he stuck to it that what I'm goin' to tell more'n fired his ole flint-lock when he the first day in the house. heerd a yell off to the left, an' lookin' that way see a big painter comin' for and beautiful cantatrice of West Hill, sides, the old man had got cold while of her.
standin' thar, an' he didn't care to Mrs.
tackle an able-bodied painter while his per las hands was all stiff. The painter come a creepin' up, with his fangs a showin' an' his jaws redder'n a round o' beef an' his tail a-switchin' like a cow's in fly them when she used corrosive sublitime. Cold ez it were, my gran'father said the sweat started out on his forrid ches'nuts. They dropped on the ground in big balls, fur they friz ez fast ez they fell. They piled up at his feet, an' the painter kep' a creepin' up. Suddintly an idee hit my gran'father plumb in the top-knot. He grabbed up a han'ful o' the sweat ez were friz in balls an' poured 'em in his muskit.

"1 kin git these in on that painter 'fore they melt,' he thinks to hisself, "mebbe they'll settle his hash."

"Arter cramin' the sweat o' his brow in the muskit, my gran father blazed away. But the heat o' the gun bar'l had melted the ice balls, an' they went out'n the gun like a stream o' water out'n a hose. But the cold weather wan't foolin' round there for nothin', an' 'fore the stream o' water had gone the stream o' water had gone three foot it was friz inter a solid chunk, an' went kerplinkity inter the painter's skall. But my gran'father said he owed his life to natur arter all, for the charge o' ice never would a made the painter give up the ghost, an' it never would had no effect on him at all only there wasn't force 'nough to drive it clean through his head. That saved my gran'father from a chawin'. The chunk o' ice stopped in the skull. The animal heat melted it, an' 'fore the painter could recooperate and get his work in on the old man he died of water on the brain. I was allus sorry my gran father didn't have that painter stuffed an' handed down in the family," concluded the old settler as he adjourned with the Pa., Cor. N. Y. Sun.

. The Obelisk.

It is extremely doubtful whether the obelisk will stand this climate. It is of granite and naturally absorbs water composed of quartz, feldspar and hornblende, with a small percentage of crystals of mica. Perhaps its true nature mercury had settled a foot and a half would be best described by the term went down three feet to the ground, and | Scotch red granite or the red granite of Connecticut. The effect of the climate zero, and they'll laugh at you."

"I've always said that these little thermometers we have nowadays ain't no account," said Billy Watson.
"What chance has weather got on a thermometer six or eight inches long, one side of the obelisk, or a portion of carehows!" anyhow!"

"It don't have no chance at all," said
Peacock Brink. "Down t' my house, were blown against it, or by the effect where there ain't no th'mometer to of the dew and the sun on the grains of bother with the weather, I'll bate it's the rock. By such process a portion of fifteen degrees colder'n 'tis up here.''

"Do you remember the winter that The obelisk wil be an attractive curi-Red. Drake was chased by a deer in the visitors to New York, Valley woods, and had a narrow escape from death, all owing to the cold an interesting study for scholars. No weather?" asked Pete Quick. "Cold as doubt an Egyptological society will it was, Red. was hunting. He shot a be formed to solve the riddle of its big deer, and the deer got mad and took origin and significance. The conception after him. Red. dropped his gun and likely to become popular is that as the made for a tree. It was so cold that the obelisks were erected upon the eastern breath from the deer's nostrils froze as bank of the river Nile and the pyramids it shot out in streams of fog, and before upon the western, the obelisks were quarter thick, stuck from the animal's snout like the tines of a pitchfork. Just as Red. reached the foot of the tree the sun, the symbol of night and death and deer caught him. One of the pieces of the dark under-world into which the ice went on one side of Drake and one human soul would at last descend as the on the other. The tree was just big sun disappears beneath the horizon. enough to fit in between the ends of the Hence the obelisks were used to adorn two prongs of ice and hold the deer the gates of the temples where the gods fast. There they were. Red. couldn't of life, light and truth were worshiped; move nor the deer couldn't move. The deer's breath kept on freezing, and Red. name and fame of monarchs; so the looked back over his shoulder and saw ice forming all around him. He expected to be frozen to death. By and accurately translated, would show that by, when the circle of ice had grown so the middle perpendicular line set forth tight around him that it was hard for the renown of the proper constructor him to breathe, he saw that the deer's and donor of the monolith, while the nose was being rapidly closed by the forming ice. Here was his only hope. If he could hold out until the breathing The New York obelisk was set up by Thothmes III., and was subsequently cape, for then the deer would die, and in falling break the icy bonds. When in honor of Julius Cæsar. The one in London and our own were nicknamed "Cleopatra's Needles"-presumably be-

Society Notes.

Alexandria. - Exchange.

MRS. FILGIBBONS has gone to see her aunt. The most stylish purse of the season is made of undressed sealskin, with noth-

ing in it. A novelty in neck lingerie for gentlemen is made of hemp or manilla, and is so worn as to close up pretty snug when the gentleman steps through the trap. It is much affected in Nevads and New Mexico.

The engagement of Johnny Snebbly and Miss Lebechin will be announced as soon as Mr. Snebbly has got a lift in his salary to \$11 a week.

able hotel on Saturday evening last. She received \$5.65 a piece from all of her regulas boarders except young Mr. his cabin. My gran'father lived to be a silver watch, and stood her off till next hundred year old, an' to his dyin' day Saturday for the rest of it.

The fascinating Mrs. Tommary, of you were ez true ez preachin', an' I North Hill, had a new girl last week; a b'lieve it. He started back fur his cabin genuine Swede, imported, that runs at over the ridge. He hadn't gone fur one hundred and seventy-eight pounds when he shot a wolf. He hadn't much and broke two lamps and a soup-tureen

Miss Diffenbach, the accomplished him. Painters was a picnic for the old slapped her old mother over the head man, an' he rammed down a big charge with the dish-rag last Tuesday evening, o' powder an' reached fur his bullet- because the old lady wouldn't let her pouch, when, lo an' behold ye! it were go down and sing in a Dutch chorus at gone. He'd lost it somewhar in the the masquerade in Bogus Hollow. Miss woods. Fightin' painters without bul- Diffenbach has the true temper of a lets wasn't so much of a picnic. Be- lyric artist, and our city will yet be proud

Mrs. Dinkleman read a profound paper last week before the "American Woman's Society for the Elimination of the B. B. in the B. S." Mrs. Dinkleman said she always got the drop on

Miss Birdie MacWhelter fell up against the side of the skating rink the other night, and blacked one of her eyes and knocked the other clear out. The one knocked the other clear out. The one she knocked out was a glass one. It was gallantly rescued by Mr. Percival de Claude O'Halligan, who unfortunately stepped on it before he picked it up. Insured in the Glen Eyerie Matual by George Duncan.—Burlington Hawkeye.

THE best dancers in Washington are army and navy officers.

Arctic Exploration for 1882.

PREPARATIONS are being made by

nearly all the countries of Europe and by America for a regular Arctic siege,

to begin in 1882; the days of Arctic campaigns are past. We have reached the precincts of the citadel itself, and now the sappers and miners must be-gin their slow but sure work, to be capped at the proper time by a grand assault. Germany, Austria, Norway, Sweden, Russia, Denmark, the United States, and we believe Canada, are all to take part in this great work by estab-lishing observing stations at suitable points all around the polar area; while Italy is to send out next year a scientifically equipped expedition to the Antarctic region, our knowledge of which is meager and uncertain. This last will really be an observing as well as an exploring expedition, preparatory to the establishment of an Antarctic station. Should our Geographical Society take any steps in the direction of Arctic work, we trust it will not be to encourage the foolish venture for which the country has been canvassed for subscriptions for years. We hope that so-ciety will see that as a scientific body its duty is to encourage a scientific method of work; and if it appeals to Government at all, let it be to nrge it, for the honor of our country, to join in the concert of both hemispheres for the siege of the polar citadel. We have already warm sun comes again it will begin to pointed out on several occasions the scale. The granite is not pure, but is vast gains to science that might be expected from the work of a series of polar observatories established on the plans so ably sketched by Lieutenant Weyprecht. As Dr. Neumayer said in a recent address, men of science do not demand practical or so-called utilitarian reasons before giving their adhesion to any new work; it is enough if it can be shown that such work will conduce to the advancement of knowledge; and that Weyprecht's scheme of polar ob-servatories, of which so many Governments approve, will lead to vast additions being made to scientific knowledge, no man of science needs to be told. In meteorology, terrestrial magnetism, biology, geology and glacial physics, the gains would be immense; and the history of science has taught us over and over again that the surest path to practical and beneficent results is through the gate of pure scientific research. Every day is the science of meteorology becoming more and more important; but until we are thoroughly acquainted with the meteor-ology of the Arctic regions the most practical of sciences is deprived of what is perhaps its most important factor. But one element of the international scheme is that of polar exploration, conducted, however, on scientific method, and along lines indicated by a scientific knowledge of arctic conditions such as can only be obtained by permanent observing stations. What success is likely to result from arctic work carried out on such a method was then, should not England set up a station on Franz-Josef Land, and another, say, on some part of the American coast? Let the station be provided with the means of carrying out exploration in whatever direction and by whatever means the results of continued observa-tion may indicate—as far as the pole itself, if need be. Unless we are blind to the teachings of science and the lessons of our last expensive expedition, it is clear that this is the only sure method of reaching the pole, if it be thought absolutely necessary for the credit of England that she should be the first to get at a point which it will take considerable trouble to spot. If our Government be well advised, we are sure they will never give the public funds either for any great national expedition modeled on the lines of the past, nor to any private chimera got up for the glory of one man and the gratifi-cation of balloonists. We do not see how, without national discredit, England can keep aloof from an international scheme the scientific and practical results of which will be of world-wide and their erection at the Casarium at importance; and it is the duty of the Geographical Society to lend all the weight of its influence to induce the English Government to take up its share in the new and only effectual method of polar exploration. - Nature. Husband and Wife in Law.

THE wife has been much advanced by the general tenor of legislation of late vears in respect to her own property. She has acquired a pretty independent position as to title, control and disposition, but this relates to her property, not to his. The law has not yet raised her to the station of superintendent of her husband's contracts, and probably never will. He is bound to support her and the children which she bears to him, and in order to fulfil this obligation he ought to have as much freedom in the management of his business affairs of the world as unmarried men are allowed to exercise. In taking a wife a man does not put himself under an overseer. He is not a subordinate in his own family, but the head of it. The law assigns him this position, not for his own advantage alone, but as much for the real good of his wife and children, and somewhat for the general interest of society.

A husband left free to lead and govern
in his own family is the most useful hasband to all who may be concerned in the results of his conduct. That exceptions to this rule may be pointed out is no objection to or disproof of the rule itself. Human institutions are all more or less imperfect, and their complete efficiency in practical working can not be expected in every instance. It is enough if they produce beneficence to the great mass and in the great majority of cases. A subjugated husband is a less pleasing and less energetic member of society than one who keeps his true place yet knows how to temper authority with affection. The law does not discourage conjugal consultations or free and voluntary co-operation in all transactions which affect or may affect the welfare of the family. But the law does not undertake to secure this delightful harmony by coercion, but leaves it to issue spontaneously from the holy relations of maximony.—Georgia

THE Wisconsin Supreme Court has rendered a decision that money lent on Sunday can not be recovered, either principal or interest.

Supreme Court.

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